

History Higher level Paper 3 – history of Europe

Monday 12 November 2018 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

## Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer any three questions.
- Each question is worth [15 marks].
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [45 marks].

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# Section 1: Monarchies in England and France (1066–1223)

- **1.** Discuss the changes that occurred in English government and administration as a result of the Norman invasion.
- 2. Evaluate the methods used by Henry II to restore royal power at the beginning of his reign.

#### Section 2: Muslims and Jews in medieval Europe (1095–1492)

- **3.** "Economic ambition was the most significant reason for Christian opposition to the Muslim states in Spain." Discuss.
- **4.** "Religious hysteria during the Crusades was the most significant reason for the persecution of the Jews." Discuss.

## Section 3: Late medieval political crises (1300–1487)

- **5.** Discuss the reasons for the re-emergence of the Hundred Years War in 1415.
- **6.** To what extent did the War of the Public Weal challenge royal authority in France?

#### Section 4: The Renaissance (c1400–1600)

- **7.** Evaluate the significance of political writings to cultural and intellectual development during the Renaissance.
- **8.** Compare and contrast the forms of government in Milan and Venice.

#### Section 5: The Age of Exploration and its impact (1400–1550)

- **9.** "Patronage was the main reason for Portuguese exploration of the west coast of Africa." Discuss.
- **10.** Discuss the economic impact on Europe of the exploration of the Indian Ocean.

## Section 6: The Reformation (1517–1572)

- **11.** Evaluate the state of the Catholic Church at the start of the 16th century.
- 12. Evaluate the impact of the Jesuits on the Catholic Reformation between 1540 and 1572.

## Section 7: Absolutism and Enlightenment (1650–1800)

- **13.** Examine the influence of the Scientific Revolution on the development of Enlightenment ideas.
- **14.** Evaluate the extent of social and economic changes that took place during the Enlightenment.

# Section 8: The French Revolution and Napoleon I (1774–1815)

- **15.** Evaluate the impact of Robespierre on the French Revolution.
- **16.** Evaluate the impact of Napoleon I's foreign policies on France.

## **Section 9: France (1815–1914)**

- **17.** "The Revolution of 1830 was caused by discontent with Charles X, not enthusiasm for Louis Philippe." Discuss.
- **18.** "Stability was the main domestic benefit of the Second Empire." Discuss.

## Section 10: Society, politics and economy in Britain and Ireland (1815–1914)

- **19.** Compare and contrast the impact of the 1832 and 1867 Reform Acts.
- **20.** Evaluate the impact of Gladstone's domestic policies (excluding the Irish Question).

## Section 11: Italy (1815–1871) and Germany (1815–1890)

- **21.** Evaluate the impact of the Congress of Vienna on Italy up to 1849.
- **22.** Discuss the causes of the 1848–1849 Revolutions in Germany **and** the reasons for the failure of those revolutions.

# Section 12: Imperial Russia, revolution and the establishment of the Soviet Union (1855–1924)

- 23. Discuss the causes and consequences of the 1905 Revolution in Russia.
- **24.** "Lenin had the most significant role in the consolidation of the new Soviet state." Discuss.

#### Section 13: Europe and the First World War (1871–1918)

- 25. Evaluate the importance of the long- and short-term causes of the First World War.
- **26.** To what extent did US entry into the First World War contribute to Allied victory?

## Section 14: European states in the inter-war years (1918–1939)

- **27.** Discuss the reasons for the rise to power of Mussolini.
- **28.** Evaluate social developments in **one** European country (other than Germany, Italy or Spain) in the inter-war years.

## Section 15: Versailles to Berlin: Diplomacy in Europe (1919–1945)

- **29.** Discuss the reasons for, and the results of, the policy of appearement.
- **30.** "The Second World War had a devastating impact on the civilian population." Discuss with reference to any **two** European countries.

## Section 16: The Soviet Union and post-Soviet Russia (1924–2000)

- **31.** Discuss political **and** economic developments in the Soviet Union between 1945 and 1953.
- **32.** "By 1991, Gorbachev's policies had achieved his aims." To what extent do you agree with this statement?

# Section 17: Post-war western and northern Europe (1945–2000)

- **33.** Evaluate the role of Adenauer in Germany's economic recovery.
- 34. Examine the role of Juan Carlos in Spain's peaceful transition to democracy.

## Section 18: Post-war central and eastern Europe (1945–2000)

- **35.** Discuss the political **and** economic measures undertaken by the Soviet Union to dominate central and eastern Europe between 1945 and 1955.
- **36.** Discuss the reasons for, and the results of, the uprising in Czechoslovakia (1968).